THE

SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

Monday, October 14*th*, 1745. [*Numb.* 603]

HAGUE, June 18.

SINCE the Surrender of the Citadel of *Tournay*, we are anxious to know the ulterior Operations of the *French* Army. Various Conjectures are made on this Head, too tedious as well as needless to dwell upon, for the *French* King's Design is absolutely unknown as yet. The People have certainly murmur'd at the Surrender of that Fortress, and that it has not been better defended: Some have gone so far as to suspect a private Understanding; for they think it very surprizing, that the Covert Way should have cost the *French* little or nothing at all, and that during the whole Siege, both of the Town and Citadel, they have not lost 1500 Men more than the Besieged have done. Nay, it has been reported that some Ministers of the Courts in Alliance with that of *Vienna* have discovered a sort of Convention, by which *France* has agreed to give the Republick a Barrier nearer Home, and less chargeable; but when People are discontented, they will swallow down any Rumours and therefore this may be set down as a Thing that wants confirmation.

Hague, June 18. M. *de Brakel* Commandant of the Citadel of Tournay, had Yesterday a long Conference with the Lords of the Regency concerning the Surrender of that Fortress. It is affirm'd that this Affair will be strictly enquired into, and the more, because it is looked upon as an Infraction of the Capitulation of the Town of *Tournay*; that Baron *Dort*, who was comprehended in, but fell sick during the Suspension of Arms, when he was a little recovered, sent a Courier to Count *Saxe* in order to be let in, but that the *French* General made Use of several Pretences to evade his Demand, and that in the mean Time the Commandant *Brakel* capitulated.

London, June 13. It is believed, that Prince *Charles* of *Lorrain* will recruit his Army in *Bohemia*, while the Insurgents harrass the *Prussians* in *Silesia*, and afterwards enter that Country again; in order to revenge the Loss suffered in the late Battle of *Freyberg*.

A *French* Man of War of 60 Guns is lost near *Rochelle*, and 80 of the Men drowned.

June 20. Yesterday the Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy contracted with several Merchants for their Ships, to be employed as Transports in his Majesty's Service, to carry a very considerable Body of Forces to *Annapolis Royal*.

The Lords of the Admiralty have ordered, that for the future such *Irishmen* as are stout and able may be impressed into his Majesty's Service, equal with his Subjects of *Great-Britain*.

June 25. They write from *Leghorn*, that some *English* Men of War had fell in with, and taken 7 *Neapolitan* Tartans, bound to *Genoa*, with Artillery on board for the Use of the *Spanish* Army, and carried them into *Leghorn*.

We have Advice from *Leghorn*, That Admiral *Rowley* has recalled Commodore *Ambrose*, who commenced the Squadrons on the Coasts of *Genoa*, and appointed Captain *Cozier* to succeed him.

Letters from the *Hague* inform us, that the Baron *De Reifschach* had received an Express from Field Marshal Count *Traun* just as the Post came away, with Advice, that he was in full March for *Hanau*, in order to attack the *French* Army under the Prince of *Conti*.

It is said, that the Admirals *Mathews* and *Lestock*, and six Captains, have Orders to prepare for their Trials by the 9th of *July* next.

June 27. We hear that several Admirals, and other Sea Officers of great Experience, have had divers Meetings at the House of Sir *John Norris*, Vice Admiral of *England*, in order to consider the present State of the Navy, more particularly with Regard to the Method of building our Ships of War, and it is hoped the Result of these Conference will be extremely advantageous to the Publick.

June 29. Private Advices from the *Hague* inform us, That the Baron *De Reifschach* having pressed the States to declare War against *France*, was answered, it was a Measure the *French* above all Things desired, because it would afford them an Opportunity of attacking the inner Barrier, and at the same Time oblige their High Mightinesses to employ so many Troops in their Garisons, as would oblige them to withdraw a Part of those they have at present in the Field.

Next Week the Forces for *Annapolis Royal*, being near six Hundred, will embark on board the Transports at *Gravesend* for that Place.

Genoa, June 12. Twelve *English* Men of War are cruizing upon our Coast to observe the Motions of the Republick. Three of these Ships, with two Fireships, and two Bomb-Ketches, came on the 9th in the Evening within sight of this Port. Upon which the Crews of the five Gallies belonging to the Government were directed to take Arms, and the Gunners ordered to repair to their Posts. An Officer was sent on board the Commodore's Ship to declare to him, *That he was at Liberty to enter into the Port with the Ships of his* Britannick *Majesty, but that the same Permission could not be granted to the Fireships and Bomb-Vessels that accompanied him, nor even that they should remain within Cannon Shot of the Place.* To which the Commodore answer'd, *That he had asked nothing, that therefore there was no Need to give him Leave to do any Thing.*

Most of the *French* and *Spanish* Troops are encamp'd in the Neighbourhood of this City; and as soon as the Rest arrives, the combin'd Army will enter upon the Territory of the King of *Sardinia*. In the mean time a Detachment of the *French* Troops have possessed themselves of *Carpasso*, *Rezzo*, *Cravora*, and *Lavina* in the Principality of *Oneglia*, all which are thereby entirely cut off from *Piedmont*.

Ath, July 3. The *French* have assembled a Body of 15,000 Men near *Mons*, which is daily reinforced by other Troops from the *Mosselle* and the *Lower Rhine*; and it's thought that they design to invest *Namur* or *Mons*. The Governor of the latter has overflowed the Country round about.

Hague, July 6. A Detachment has been made of the Foot-Guards that are in Garison here, which will go this Evening for the Allied Army in *Flanders*. By Letters received this Day from the Camp of the Allies, we learn, that they have not only made all the necessary Dispositions to receive the Enemy, but that in the Night, between the 3d and 4th, the Allies went out of their Camp, to be before hand with the Enemy, and afterwards sent back all their Baggage, that the advanced Troops of both Armies were in Sight of one another, but that at last the *French* had made a converted Motion, and were retired, whereupon the Allies were likewise returned to their Camp, after the Troops had remained above 40 Hours in Order of Battle. There is Advice, that the Enemy has since invested *Ath*.

Several Letters from the Empire say, that Prince *Charles* and the Duke of *Saxe-Weissenfels* having judged, that the Situation of their Camp at *Koningsgratz* was not advantageous enough, are gone to encamp at *Pardubitz*, after having withdrawn all their Magazines from the said Town, and that it seems as if the allied Army would undertake nothing 'till after the Arrival of their Reinforcements, al tho' they are ready to give the Enemy a warm Reception, in case they are attacked.

Last

Extract of a Letter from Ostend, July 5.

This Morning we were alarm'd by a Terrible firing of Cannon which prov'd to be an Engagement close under our Cannon, between the *Bridgewater*, Lord *George Graham*, the *Sheerness*, Capt. *Gordon*, and the *Ursula* Tender commanded by Lieutenant *John Bowater*; and the *Royal* Privateer of 28 Guns, the *Dutchess of Pembroke* of 26 Guns, and a Dogger of 18 Guns, all from *Dunkirk*, who had under their Convoy the following Prizes taken in the North sea, viz. the *Sea Horse, Williams*, (late *Randall*) the *Baltimore, Biggs*, and the *Cambridge, Dawson*, all three from *Virginia* for *London*; the *Mary, Hill*, of and for London, from *Newcastle*; a *Scotch* Snow, laden with Corn, and two Ships from *Bremen* The Engagement lasted till Five o' Clock, when our Men of War run the two great Privateers and the four large Prizes ashore, and secur'd the two *Bremeners*: The Dogger Privateer escap'd towards *Dunkirk*. 'Tis impossible to express the Bravery of the three Commanders, who bore the Fire of the three Privateers and also of the four Prizes, who are all Ships of Force, and fir'd as much as the Privateers, and so close as Yard Arm and Yard Arm

Captain *Gordon*, in the Sheerness, sustain'd the Fire of the three Privateers for near an Hour and a Half, and was then obliged to sheer off to stop her Leaks: Then Lord *George Graham* came and drove two of them fast ashore It was High Water, and they came so close to the Shore that the two twenty Gun Ships run ashore with them

The *Frisc* behav'd well; for after Lord *Graham* had run the two large Privateers ashore, and himself along with them, they kept firing at each other for near a Quarter of an Hour before the *French* would strike their Colours.

I have just been down to the Sands, (where they all lie) on board the *Royal* Privateer who had 40 Men kill'd and 30 wounded; the *Dutchess of Pembroke* had 30 kill'd and as many wounded and their Sails so shatter'd that they are like Sieves. The *Royal*'s Main-Sail is staid'd all over with Blood, and the Blood in great Quantities ran out of her Scupper Holes

Our Loss is so trifling that it is hardly to be credited; Capt. *Gordon* is wounded in the Foot by a Splinter, and two of his Men kill'd and one wounded; on board Lord *George Graham* only one Man was wounded; and on board the Tender no Body was hurt.

Leyden, June 23 Prince *Charles*, before he left *Silesia*, caused several Towns to be plundered, &c. and others to be laid under heavy Contributions.

His Majesty's Ship the *Blandford* of 20 Guns, Capt. *Dod* Commander, had the Misfortune to fall in with a *French* Fleet of 7 Sail, between *Lisbon* and *Gibraltar*, and was sent to *Brest*, and the Captain threatened with being hang'd if he did not discover whether or no there was not a Squadron of *English* Ships cruizing in those Parts, which the Captain bravely refused to comply with.

June 25. It seems the Court of *Spain* is so highly irritated at the Elector of Bavaria's having made a seperate Peace, that the Marquis *de Villarias* told Count *Thoring*, That since his Master had quitted his Alliance with the House of *Bourbon*, in order to attach himself to, and endeavour to aggrandize the capital Family Enemy they have, he could not help telling his Excellency, that he believed it would be highly acceptable to their *Catholick* Majesties if he retired as soon as possible out of their Dominions

All our Letters from the Army agree, that the Troops are in the best Condition possible, well supplied with every Thing necessary, and particularly with as fine a Train of Artillery as was ever seen in that Country; so that in all probability, we shall soon receive some Advices of Importance.

They write from the Camp in *Flanders*, that the *French* employ 3000 Peasants in filling up the Mines, and destroying the Fortifications of the Citadel of *Tournay*: The Fortifications of the Town likewise are to be demolished, under Pretence, that the King does not desire to extend his Conquests; and therefore his good Allies the *Dutch* have no Occasion for a Barrier.

June 29 By Letters Yesterday from *Portsmouth* we have an Account, that on Wednesday last a Court Martial was held at *Spithead*, for the Trial of Lieutenant *Phillips*, late of the *Anglesea* Man of War, for striking to the *French* immediately after the Death of his Captain; which being plainly prov'd, he was condemned, and order'd to be shot

BOSTON, Sept. 9.

Friday last his Honour the Lieutenant Governor, with the Advice of his Majesty's Council, was pleased to issue a Proclamation, appointing Thursday the 19th Instant, to be observed as a Day of Fasting and Prayer throughout this Province, on Account of the War with the *Indians*, &c.

Last Week several Vessels arrived from *Cape Breton*, by whom we have the agreeable News of the safe Arrival of his Excellency our Governor at *Louisbourg* (on the 16th of *August* past) to the inexpressible Joy of the Garison, who had for a considerable Time impatiently expected his coming and whose Presence was found absolutely necessary among them His Excellency was saluted upon his Arrival, by a Discharge of the Cannon in the City, and the most joyful Acclamations of the Soldiers who (being under Arms) received his Excellency at his Landing (about 10 o'Clock,) and conducted him to the Citadel; the Remainder of the Day was spent in Demonstrations of Joy suitable to the Occasion.

By Capt *Bryant*, who is arrived at *New York* in seven Weeks from *London*, there is Advice, That they had News in *England*, by the Way of *France*, of the taking of *Cape Breton*, the Vessel sent Home with Dispatches from the General and Commodore having been taken by the *French* — That the Grand Duke of *Tuscany* had taken upon him the Command of the Army in the Empire, and that the Time appointed for chooling an Emperor was the 12th of *July* last — That there had been a general Engagement between the *Austrian* Army commanded by the Count *Traun* and General *Batthiani*, and the *French* Army commanded by the Prince of *Conti*, in which the latter was defeated, and had 15,000 Men killed and wounded, and lost almost all their Artillery. — That the *French* had attempted to surprize the City of *Ghent*, in *Flanders*, but were disappointed, and lost 1500 Men in the Attempt — That the King of *Sardinia* had destroyed almost all the Magazines belonging to the *French*, *Spanish*, and *Neapolitan* Troops. — And, that 28 *French* Spies, who pretended to be Deserters, had been hang'd at the Camp in *Flanders*, by Order of the Duke of *Cumberland*

Saturday last the *Massachusetts* Frigate, Capt. *Tyng* Commander, arrived here in six Days from *Louisbourg*, with whom came several of the Members of his Majesty's Council, some Officers of the Garison, and other Gentlemen.

By this Ship we have Advice, that our Troops have Plenty of all sorts of fresh Provision, Roots, Greens, &c. at a moderate Price, there being a vast Number of Vessels in the Harbour from the Continent. That the *Hector* Man of War was gone to *Newfoundland*, to take under her Convoy such Vessels as are ready to sail for *Lisbon*; and that the *Mermaid* was gone to *Virginia*, to take Care of the Ships that may be ready to sail for *Great-Britain*, and is to touch at *Louisbourg* in her Way home. 'Tis also said, that Commodore *Warren* was preparing to sail for *England* with several Ships of the Squadron under his Command, and that he will take with him the two *East India* men and *South Sea* Ship lately fallen into his Hands, having taken on board the Men of War the Treasure found on board the *South-Sea* man, which proves vastly more than was at first reported.

We hear, Capt. *Tyng* will sail again for *Louisbourg* in a few Days, and will carry with him the Cloathing preparing here for the poor Soldiers, (who are in very great Want of it) and Stores for the Garison.

CHARLES-TOWN, October 14.

By Capt *Rains*, who arrived here last Saturday from *Barbados* we learn, that Admiral *Townshend* was lately arrived there from *England*, with a Squadron under his Command, consisting of Eight Ships of War, viz. one of 80 Guns, three of 70, three of 60, and one of 50, and was going to *Antigua*

And from *Philadelphia*, via *New York*, that Commodore *Warren* is made an Admiral; which News came by Capt. *Hargrave* in 6 Weeks from *London*

By a Vessel in about three Days from *Providence*, there is Advice that Capt. *Curtis* in a *Jamaica* Privateer, has lately taken a *Bermuda* built *French* Sloop, laden with Salt, and carried her into that Port.

On Saturday last returned to this Port, the *Loyal* Snow, Capt. *William Jefferies*, bound from hence for *Oporto*: having on the 21st ult. met with a violent Whirlwind in Lat 31 D 55 M. North, about 107 Leagues to the Eastward of this Bar, which sprung his Main-mast in two Places, and tore his Try sail, Main, and Fore top sail, and Jib all to Pieces.

Exported this Week in the Snow *Mercury*, Capt *Thomas Wilson*, 373 Chests containing 186,500 Oranges, of the Growth and Produce of this Province,

COTTON HOUSE, CHARLES-TOWN,

Entered Inwards.

Ship Prince William, Richard Picke,
Ship Young Green, Thomas Chitman, and
Brig. Charles, John Bound, from Lisbon.
Brigt. William & John, Joseph Cambe, from Ireland.
Sloop Elizabeth, John Young, and
Sloop Dragon, John Tod, from Bermuda.
Sloop Benjamin & Joseph, John Rains, from Turks-Island.
Sloop Pearl, John Morgan from New York
Sloop Batchellors, Isaac Cox, from Providence.

Entered Outwards.

Ship Daniel, _____ _____, for Portugal.
Sloop Elizabeth, John Young, for Antigua.

Clear'd for Departure.

Snow Mercury, Thomas Wilkinson, to London.
Sloop Fame's Revenge, Peter Scarlock, to Jamaica.

EXPORTED from this Place, since the *Firſt* Day of *November*, 1744

Rice, 57,831 Barrels. Pitch, 8,641 Barrels. Tar, 1,086 Barrels. Turpentine, 988 Barrels. Deer-Skins, 657 Hogſheads. Corn and Peaſe, 26,478 Buſhels. Beef and Pork, 1,854 Barrels.

PRICE of Goods of this Country Produce.

Rice, 15 *ſh.* 0 *d.* *per* 100 *wt.*	Corn, 7 *s.* 6 *d.* *per Buſhel.*
Pitch, 30 *ſh.* 0 *d.* *per Barrel.*	Peaſe, 7 *s.* 6 *d.* *per Ditto.*
Tar, 25 *ſh.* 0 *d.* *per Barrel.*	Staves, 15 *l.* *per Thouſand.*
Turpentine, 10 *s.* 0 *d.* *Ditto*	Turp. Oyl, 15 *s.* *per Gallon.*
Skins, 16 *ſh.* 1 *d.* *per Pound.*	Rice, 10 *s.* 0 *d.* *per* 100 *wt.*

Advertiſements.

PROVIDENCE Salt, to be ſold by *Jemmett Colley* at his Store on the Bay

A Very good Chair and Harneſs to be ſold reaſonable. Enquire of the Printer.

A Very ſtrong Canow-built Pettiaugua, that can carry 45 Barrels of Rice, now lying at *Frankland's* Wharff, to be ſold by *John Daniel.*

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber, about ſix Months ago, a ſhort well made young Negro Fellow, named *Jack*, by Trade a Carpenter, ſpeaks good *Engliſh*, and formerly belong'd to *Mrs. Hugh Cartwright.* Whoever apprehends the ſaid Run away, and brings him to his Maſter in *Charles Town*, ſhall have 5 *l.* current Money Reward. And all Perſons are forewarn'd againſt harbouring or entertaining him at their Peril. *Mathew Roche.*

SUPPOS'D to be ſtolen out of Mrs. *Amory's* Paſture, by ſome Indian Traders that went from thence the ſame Day ſhe was miſs'd, a young bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, low in Fleſh, and ſeems to be with Foal, branded on the mounting Shoulder, AC and on the left Buttock AC. Whoever ſhall ſecure the Perſon or Perſons concerned in taking the ſaid Mare, ſhall have 5 *l.* Reward. and for taking up and bringing her to me, alſo 5 *l* Reward. *Samuel Perkins.*

STOLEN or gone adrift from Mr. *Wragg's* Wharff, about ſix Weeks ago, a large Cyprus Canow, Burthen about 5 or 6 Barrels, has a large Patch on each Bearing between Wind and Water; but doth not go true. Whoever brings the ſaid Canow to Mr. *Thomas Butler* at *Long Point* to Mr. *Richard Butler* up *Abley River*, or to the ſubſcriber in *Charles-Town*, ſhall have 4 *l* Reward. The Subſcriber had alſo a black pacing Mare ſtray'd from *Charles Town* in *July* laſt, about 13 Hands high branded on the off Buttock CM in one. Whoever brings her home, ſhall have 5 *l* Reward, of *Samuel Wolf.*

ALL Perſons that are any Ways indebted to *John Cart*, are deſired to come and pay him their reſpective Debts, on or before the firſt Day of *December* next enſuing, that he may enabled to ſatisfy his Creditors, otherwiſe they may expect to be ſued without any further Notice, by *John Cart.*

At the Court at St JAMES's, *the 3d Day of January*, 1744

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS Complaint hath been made to his Majeſty at this Board, that the Commanders of Privateers have taken upon them to ranſom Priſoners of War; and alſo that the Captains of Men of War and Privateers have taken upon them to ranſom Ships taken as Prize when ſuch Ships might have been conveniently brought into ſome Port of his Majeſty's Dominions; and likewiſe that the Commanders of Privateers have neglected to ſend exact Copys of their Journals to the Secretary of the Admiralty, or to proceed to the Condemnation of their Prizes as ſoon as might be, His Majeſty upon conſideration thereof was pleaſed, with the Advice of his Privy Council, to direct that an additional Inſtruction ſhould be prepared for his Royal Signature in order to put a Stop to ſuch Practices for the future: And the ſaid Additional Inſtruction having been accordingly prepared and ſigned by his Majeſty; It is thereupon this Day ordered, by his Majeſty in Council, that Copies of the ſaid Additional Inſtruction be tranſmitted to the Governors or Commanders in Chief of all his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, and that his Majeſty's Pleaſure in this behalf may be made known to ſuch Perſons who now have taken or ſhall hereafter take out Letters of Marque or Commiſſions for private Men of War againſt *France* and *Spain*.

W. SHARPE.

GEORGE *R.*

ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS to ſuch Merchant-ſhips and Veſſels as have, or may have Letters of Marque or Commiſſions for private Men of War againſt *France* or *Spain*, their Veſſels and Subjects, or others inhabiting within their Countries, Territories or Dominions, by Virtue of our Commiſſion granted under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, bearing Date the 18th Day of *June*, 1744. *Given at our Court at St. James's, the 22d Day of December*, 1744, *in the Eighteenth Year of Our Reign.*

Ist. THAT all Captains or commanding Officers of Privateers, do ſend an Account of, and deliver over what Priſoners ſhall be taken on board any Prizes, to the Commiſſioners appointed for the Exchange of Priſoners of War, or the Perſons appointed in the Sea Port Towns to take Charge of Priſoners; and ſuch Priſoners be ſubject only to the Orders, Regulations, and Directions of the ſaid Commiſſioners. And that no Commander, or other Officer of any Man of War, or private Ship of War, do preſume upon any Pretence whatſoever, to ranſom any *French* or *Spaniſh* Priſoners.

IId. THAT no Commander of any Man of War or Privateer ſhall ranſom any Ship taken as Prize, when ſuch Ship may conveniently be brought into ſome Port of his Majeſty's Dominions; and in Caſe any Ship taken as Prize, ſhall be ranſomed, the Reaſons for ſo doing, and the Conditions of ſuch Ranſom ſhall be tranſmitted to the Judge of the Admiralty, and preparatory Examinations upon the Standing Interrogatories ſhall be taken as in all Caſes of Prize and Condemnation of ſuch Ranſom, ſhall be had according to the ancient Courſe and Practice of the Admiralty: And in Caſe any Commander of any Privateer, or Merchant Ship having a Letter of Marque, ſhall act contrary to their ſeveral Inſtructions, ſuch Commander ſhall forfeit his Commiſſion to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall together with his Bail be proceeded againſt according to Law, and be condemned in Coſt and Damages.

IIId. THAT all Commanders of Privateers, or Merchant-ſhips that ſhall have Letters of Marque, ſhall by every Opportunity ſend exact Copys of their Journals to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and proceed to the Condemnation of their Prizes as ſoon as may be, and without Delay.

By His Majeſty's Command,

HARRINGTON.

RUN AWAY from *James Boone*, a yelloiſh Negro Man named *Will*, very ſlender, with a Cut in his upper Lip. Whoever takes up and brings him to his Maſter, or to the Work houſe in *Charles Town*, ſhall have 40 *ſh.* Reward, and all reaſonable Charges.